

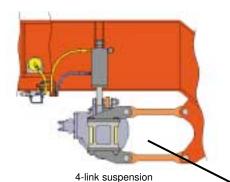
# The Future of Rough Terra

# Introducing

a totally new,
world-class rough
terrain carrier
featuring 4-Link
suspension and
flat-deck carrier.



The Series II carrier is equipped with many outstanding features, making it the most "user-friendly" rough terrain crane you'll ever own. Some of the features include fold-up steps and hand rails at six points of access, non-slip surface strips on the carrier's deck and a newly designed swing-out engine hood provides quick and easy engine access for routine service.



# Added Value Attachment Features

- · No deducts for stowed attachments.
- Hammerhead boom nose allows the operator to work at high boom angles.
- Quick reeve boom head allows rope to be easily reeved over boom head.
- Deflector rollers prevent premature wire rope wear.
- Lightweight nylon head sheaves reduce overall machine weight

#### Carrier Features

- "Hydro-gas Ride™" suspension system - optional
- · Power-shift six-speed transmission
- Six points of access
- · Non-slip surface strips on carrier deck
- Quick disconnects on hydraulic fittings
- Swing-out engine hood
- Three modes of steering
  - independent front
  - · coordinated four wheel
  - · four wheel "crab"
- Pre-assembly paint system. This innovative two-part paint coating technology coupled with a pre-assembly paint process, provides the finest quality coating system available today. This enhances the overall aesthetic appeal of the final machine, as nuts, bolts, hoses and various parts are no longer painted As a result, paint chipping, cracking and deterioration is significantly reduced when service work and disassembly are required.



The fully independent rear 4-Link suspension greatly reduces the inherent 'bouncing' at medium speeds and greatly improves handling, maneuverability and turning radius in both on and off the road conditions. To further reduce the "bounce", the exclusive "Hydro-gas<sup>TM</sup>" Ride system serves as a shock absorber through a charged accumulator system for greatly improved carrier stability.

# ain Cranes is Here



Features include:

- · Six-way adjustable fabric seat
  - Armrest mounted, responsive single axis hydraulic controllers
    - Lift-up armrest. Control functions are deactived when the armrest is raised.
      - Bubble level sight level

mounted on console.

- Single foot pedal control for boom telescope.
  - · Ducted air through automotive style directional vents
    - · Telescoping steering column
      - · Sliding right side, rear windows and swing-up roof window
        - Large sweeping electric wipers
          - · Hot-air defrost and heater (automotive style)

Mechanical Boom Angle Indicator-standard.



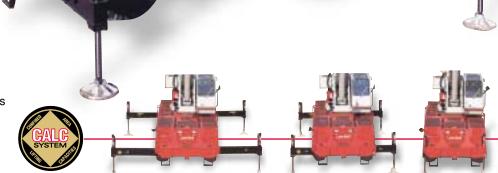
- Standard three-section, 30 to 78 ft. (9.14 to 23.78 m), full power, with quick reeve head
- Optional four-section, 29 to 91-ft. 4-in. (8.84 to 27.84 m), full power, with quick reeve head
- Three swing away attachments
  - 25 ft. (7.62 m) fixed attachment
  - 27 ft. (8.23 m), offsettable one-stage, swing away attachment
  - 27 to 44 ft. (8.23 to 13.41 m), offsettable two-stage swing away attachment
- Attachments offset to 2, 20 and 40 degrees.
- Maximum tip height is 143 ft. (43.58 m) with the attachment and main boom used in combination
- The exclusive "A-Max" system provides optimum strength and stability. For in close, big picks, the "A-"mode (or mode A) allows the operator to extend only the inner-mid section of the boom.
- The "BOSS" is Link-Belt's patented boom design of high-strength angle cords and high formability sidewall embossments.



# The CALC System

The Confined Area Lifting Capacities system provides three outrigger positions:

- full extension
- intermediate extension
- full retraction



Full Extension

Intermediate Extension

Full Retraction

# Link-Belt Standards...

## Integral Rated Capacity Limiter

This system aids the operator in safe and efficient crane operation. The Microguard 434 features:

- · Improved access time
- · Radio frequency shielding
- New display panel large liquid crystal alpha-numeric display
- Total system override capabilities to provide for rigging requirements.





#### Additional Standard Equipment

- Auxiliary winch components and controls are provided for future installation
- · Type "DB" Wire Rope
- · Pilot operated single axis controllers
- Hook block tie-down
- Integrated steps and hand holds within the sheet metal
- · Swing out engine compartment doors
- Folding steps for transport
- Full light package
- · Mechanical boom angle indicator

## Gear Motor Hydraulic Hoist System

The standard load hoist system consists of a main winch with two-speed motor and automatic brake for power up/down mode of operation.

A bi-directional hydraulic motor, driven through a planetary reduction unit provides precise, smooth load control with minimal rpm.

Asynchronous, parallel double crossover grooved drums minimize rope harmonic motion, improving spooling and increases rope service life.

A two-speed auxiliary winch is an available, dealer installed, option.

#### **Optional Equipment**

- · Auxiliary lifting sheave
- Auxiliary winch package
- · Winch rollers
- · Third wrap indicators
- · Internal RCL load rating bar graph
- External RCL load rating light bar
- Air conditioning in operator's cab
- Hot water heater for operator's cab
- 360 degree (Pawl-in-Gear) mechanical swing lock
- · Quick reeve hook blocks
- · Hook ball

# ...World-Class, Innovative Design with Job Proven Excellence.





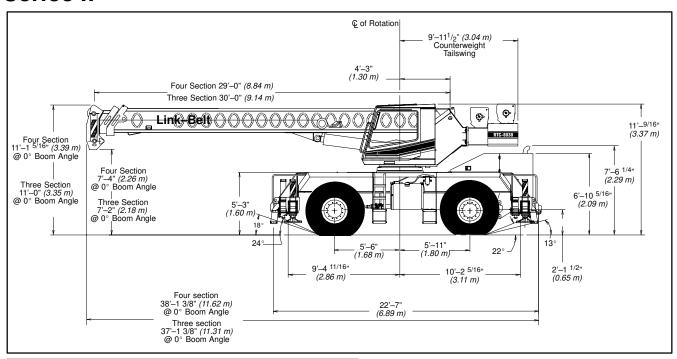
# **Specifications**

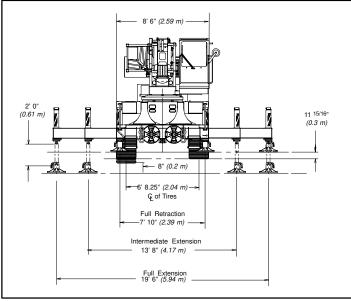
Telescopic Boom Rough Terrain Crane

# RTC-8030

**30–ton** (27.2 metric tons)

# Series II





General Dimensions	feet	meters
Tailswing of Counterweight	9' 11.5"	3.04
Turning radius (4–wheel steer centerline of tires)	17' 1"	5.21
Turning radius (2–wheel steer centerline of tires)	31" 3"	9.55
Turning radius (4–wheel steer outside front carrier corner)	20' 8.5"	6.31
Turning radius (2–wheel steer outside front carrier corner)	35'	10.67

Litho in USA 3/03 #5375 (Supersedes #5333)



# **Upper Structure**

#### Boom

#### **Patented Design**

- Boom side plates have diamond shaped impressions for superior strength to weight ratio and 100,000 p.s.i. (689.5 MPa) steel angle chords for lateral stiff-
- Boom telescope sections are supported by top, bottom and adjustable side wear shoes to prevent metal to metal contact.

#### Standard Boom

- 30' 78' (9.14 23.78 m) three-section full power boom.
- Mechanical Boom Angle Indicator

#### **Optional Boom**

- 29' 91' 4" (8.84 27.84 m) foursection full power boom. Two mode boom extension:
  - Basic mode (or mode 'B') is the full power, synchronized mode of telescoping all sections proportionally.
  - The exclusive **A-max** mode (or mode 'A') extends only the inner mid-section to 49' 9" (15.16 m) offering increased capacities for in-close, maximum capacity picks.
  - Mechanical Boom Angle Indicator

#### **Boom Head**

- Four 10.63" (0.27 m) root diameter steel sheaves handle up to eight parts of wire rope.
- Quick reeve design.
- Rope dead end lugs provided on each side of boom head.
- Easily removable wire rope guards.
- Fly pinning alignment tool.

#### **Boom Elevation**

- One Link-Belt designed hydraulic cylinder with holding valve and bushing in each end.
- Hand control for controlling boom elevation from -3 to 78°.

#### **Optional Auxiliary Lifting Sheave**

- Single 10.63" (0.27 m) root diameter steel sheave with removable wire rope guard.
- Use with one or two parts of line off the optional front winch.
- Does not affect erection of fly or use of main head sheaves for multiple reeving.

#### Optional

- 30-ton (27.2 mt) 3-sheave, quick reeve hook block.
- 8.5-ton (7.7 mt) hook ball.
- · Boom floodlight

# ■ Flv

#### Optional

- 25' (7.62 m) fixed stowable one-piece lattice type.
- 27' (8.23 m) offsettable stowable onepiece lattice type with lugs to allow for addition of second section. Can be offset 2°, 20° or 40°.

• 27' - 44' (8.23 to 13.41 m) offsettable stowable two-piece lattice type. Can be offset 2°, 20° or 40°.

#### Cab and Controls

#### **Environmental Cab**

- Isolated from sound and vibration by a neoprene seal.
- Six-way adjustable operator's seat with retractable seat belt.
- Four-way adjustable tilting-telescoping and locking steering wheel.
- All windows are tinted and tempered safety glass.
- Slide by door opens to 36" (0.91 m) width.
- Sliding rear and right side windows and swing up roof windows for maximum visibility and ventilation.
- Engine dependent warm-water heater with defroster.
- Audible swing alarm.
- · Warning horn Backup alarm · Travel lights
- - 12-volt accessory outlet Sun screen Mirrors
- Electric windshield wiper Top hatch window wiper
  - · Cup holder
- Fire extinguisher
- · Circulating fan

#### Optional

- Amber strobe light
- Emergency steering system
- Amber rotating beacon

#### **Controls**

Hydraulic controls (single-axis type) for:

- Main winch
  - · Boom hoist Optional auxiliary winch • Swing
- Drum rotation indicators

#### Foot controls for:

- Boom telescope
- Swing brake
- Engine throttle with throttle lock
- Outrigger controls and sight level bubble also provided in upper cab.

#### **Cab Instrumentation**

Dash mounted gauges for:

- Hydraulic oil temperature
- Tachometer
- Convertor temperature
- Voltmeter Fuel
- Oil pressure
  - Water temperature Audio/Visual warning system

# Rated Capacity Limiter

Microquard 434 Graphic audio-visual warning system built into dash with antitwo block and function limiters.

#### Operating data available includes:

- Machine configuration.
- Boom length Head height
- · Boom angle
- Allowed load
- · Radius of load · Actual load
- % of allowed load

#### Presettable alarms include:

- Maximum and minimum boom angles.
- Maximum tip height.
- Maximum boom length.
- Swing left/right positions.

- · Operator defined area alarm is standard.
- Anti-two block weight designed for quick reeve of hookblock.

#### Optional

- Internal RCL light bar: Visually informs operator when crane is approaching maximum load capacity with a series of three lights; green, yellow and red.
- · External RCL light bar: Visually informs ground crew when crane is approaching maximum load capacity kickouts and presettable alarms with a series of three lights; green, yellow and red.

## Swing

- Bi-directional hydraulic swing motor mounted to a planetary reducer for 360° continuous smooth swing at 2.8 r.p.m.
- Swing park brake 360° mechanical disc brake mounted on the speed reducer. Mechanically controlled from the control console.
- Swing brake 360°, foot operated, spring released disc brake mounted on the speed reducer.
- Swing lock Standard; two position travel lock operated from the operator's cab.
- Counterweight Bolted to upper structure frame.
  - Three–Section 7.800 lbs. (3 538 kg).
  - Four-Section 9,300 lbs. (4 218 kg).

#### Optional

360° swing lock (meets New York City requirements).

# Hydraulic System

#### Main Pump

- 2-section gear-type pump.
- Combined pump capacity 75 gpm (284
- Mounted on transmission converter, powered by engine.
- Pump operates at 3,500 p.s.i. (24.1 MPa) maximum system pressure.
- O-Ring Face Seal (ORFS) technology throughout with hydraulic oil cooler.

#### Telescope / Outrigger / Steering Pump -

- Single gear-type pump, 18 gpm (83.2 Ipm) maximum. Mounted on engine, powered by engine through a direct mechanical drive.
- Pump operates at 3,000 p.s.i. (20.7 MPa) maximum system pressure.

#### Reservoir

• 80 gal. (303 L) capacity. Diffuser for deaeration.

#### Filtration:

- Two 10-micron filters located outside hydraulic reservoir.
- Accessible for easy replacement.

(Continued on next page)



(Upper Structure continued)

#### **Control Valves:**

 Five separate, pilot operated control valves allow simultaneous operation of all crane functions.

#### Optional

· Pump disconnect.

## ■ Load Hoist System

#### Standard

- 2M rear winch with grooved lagging.
- Two-speed motor and automatic brake.

- · Power up/down mode of operation.
- Controls for future addition of auxiliary winch.
- Bi-directional gear-type hydraulic motor, driven through a planetary reduction unit for positive operator control under all load conditions.
- Asynchronous parallel double crossover grooved drums minimize rope harmonic motion
- 6 x 19 IWRC wire rope.

#### Line Pulls and Speeds

 Maximum line pull 11,948 lbs. (5 420 kg) and maximum line speed of 452 f.p.m. (138 m/min) on standard 10.63" (0.27 m) root diameter grooved drum.

#### Optional

- 2M front winch with two-speed motor and automatic brake, power up/down mode of operation.
- · Hoist drum cable followers.
- · Third wrap indicators.
- Rotation resistant rope.

## **Carrier**

## Type

- 8' 6" (2.59 m) wide, 137" (3.48 m) wheel-base.
- 4 x 4 x 4 (4–wheel steer, 4–wheel drive) For rough terrain with limited turning area.

#### Frame

- 100,000 p.s.i. (689.5 MPa) steel, double walled construction.
- Integral 100,000 p.s.i. (689.5 MPa) steel outrigger boxes.

#### **Standard Carrier Equipment**

- Two front, two rear and two mid–point carrier steps.
- Non-slip safety strips on carrier deck.
- Two deep front storage units.
- Fenders.
- · Pontoon storage.
- Full lighting package.
- · Front towing shackles.
- Hook block tie back.

#### Optiona

Front and rear mounted pintle hook.

# **■** Engine

Engine	Cummins 6BT 5.9 L
Cylinders – cycle	6 – 4
Bore	4.02 in. (102.11 mm)
Stroke	4.72 in. (119.89 mm)
Displacement	359 cu. in. <i>(5 883 cm<sup>3</sup>)</i>
Maximum brake hp	152 @ 2,500 rpm
Peak torque (ft. lb.)	414 @ 1,500 rpm
Electric system	12 volt
Starting system	12 volt
Fuel capacity	75 gallons (283.9 L)
Alternator	130 amps
Crankcase capacity	17.3 qts. (16.37 L)
(total system)	

- · Water/fuel separator on engine
- 110-volt block heater
- Ether injection package optional

#### Transmission

- Clark three—speed two range power shift transmission.
- · Six speeds forward and two reverse
- Front axle disconnect for two or four wheel drive.

#### Axles

- · Heavy duty planetary drive/steer type.
- · Front axle disconnect.

# Suspension

#### **Front Axle**

· Rigid mounted to frame.

#### **Rear Axle**

- Fully independent 4-Link.
- Automatic axle oscillation lockout cylinders engage when upper structure rotates past 2.5° of centerline.

#### **Optional**

Rear Hydro–gas Ride™

## ■ Steering

- Hydraulic two–wheel, four–wheel and "crab" steering.
- Modes selected by toggle switch on dash.
- All modes fully controlled by steering wheel.

#### Optional

Rear steer indicator

#### ■ Tires

#### Front and Rear

• Standard 20.5R25 (24-PR) Loader type.

#### Optional

Spare tires and rims

#### **■** Brakes

#### Service

 Fully hydraulic disc-type brakes at each wheel end with independent front and rear system.

#### Parking/Emergency

 Spring applied, hydraulic released, cab controlled, disc-type integral to the transmission.

-3-

## Outriggers

- Three position operation capability.
- Four hydraulic, telescoping beam and jack outriggers.
- Vertical jack cylinders equipped with integral holding valve.
- Beams extend to 19' 6" (5.94 m) centerline—to—centerline and retract to within 8' 6" (2.59 m) overall width.
- Equipped with stowable, lightweight 18.5" (0.47 m) diameter aluminum floats.
- Dash mounted controls and sight level bubble located in upper structure cab.

# Confined Area Lifting Capacities (CALC™) System

- The crane is operational in one of the three outriggers positions and operational in confined areas in two positions (intermediate and full retraction. The three outrigger positions are:
- Full extension 21.63' (6.42 m)
- Intermediate position 13' 8" (4.17 m).
- Full retraction 7' 10" (2.39 m).
- Capacities are available with the outrigger beams in the intermediate and full retraction positions.
- When the outrigger position levers (located on the outrigger beams) are engaged, the operator can set the crane in the intermediate or full retraction outrigger position without having to leave the cab.

## ■ Travel Speeds and Gradability

Tires	20.5R25
Maximum Speed	24.8 (39.9 km/h)
Gradability at stall	198.9%
Maximum Tractive Effort at Stall	46,769 lbs. (21 214 kg)
Gradability at 1.0 mph (1.6 km/hr)	76.8%
Maximum Tractive Effort at 1.0 mph. (1.6 km/hr)	32,214 lbs. @ 1,500 rpm <i>(14 612 kg)</i>



# **Axle Loads**

Base machine with standard 30 to 78' (9.14 – 23.78 m) three–section boom,	G.V.	MAZ 1TI	Upper facing front		Upper facing rear					
2M main winch with 2–speed hoisting and power up/down, 450'. (137 m) of 5/8" in. (19 mm) wire rope. 4x4x4	G. 1.11.		Front	axle	Rear	axle	Front	axle	Rear	axle
carrier with Cummins 6BT5.9 engine, 20.5R25 tires 75 gals. (283.91 L) of	lbs.	kg.	lbs.	kg.	lbs.	kg.	lbs.	kg.	lbs.	kg.
fuel, tow shackles and hook block tie- back.	52,098	23 631	25,907	11 751	26,191	11 880	23,338	10 586	28,760	13 045
Pintle hook, front and rear	26	12	13	6	13	6	13	6	13	6
Cold weather starting aids - ether injector	6	3	0	0	6	3	0	0	6	3
Pump disconnect	28	13	6	3	21	10	6	3	21	10
Air conditioning in operator's cab	215	98	36	16	179	81	187	85	28	13
Emergency steer system	5	2	3	1	2	1	2	1	3	1
360 degree sector gear-type house lock	60	27	29	13	31	14	33	15	27	12
Winch roller – rear winch	76	34	-14	-6	90	41	93	42	-17	-8
Power up/down winch with 450 ft. of rope –front	361	164	-28	-13	389	176	402	182	-41	-19
Winch roller – front winch	76	36	1	0	75	34	78	35	-2	-1
Remove 450' (137 m) of wire rope from rear winch	-320	-145	82	37	-402	-182	-413	-187	94	43
Remove 450' (137 m) of wire rope from front winch	-320	-145	21	10	-340	-154	-352	-160	33	15
Replace three–section boom with four section boom	3,428	1 555	1,654	750	1,774	805	1,900	862	1528	693
30-ton (27.2 mt) capacity hook block to carrier storage box	670	304	943	428	-273	-124	-248	-112	918	416
8.5-ton (7.7 mt) capacity hook block to carrier storage box	360	163	506	230	-146	-66	-133	-60	493	225
Three–Section Boom										
Fly brackets to boom base sections for fly options	140	64	213	97	-72	-33	-67	-30	208	94
25' (7.62 m) fixed fly (stowed)	535	243	860	390	-325	-147	-306	-139	841	381
27' (8.23 m) offset fly (stowed)	1,052	477	1793	813	-741	-336	-703	-319	1,755	796
27 – 44' (8.23 – 13.41 m) offset fly (stowed)	1,475	669	2314	1050	-839	-381	-785	-356	2,260	1025
Floodlight to boom base section	4	2	7	3	-3	-1	-3	-1	7	3
Auxiliary lifting sheave	71	32	204	93	-132	-60	-130	-59	201	91
Four-Section Boom										
Fly brackets to boom base sections for fly options	140	64	200	91	-60	-27	<b>–</b> 55	-25	195	88
25' (7.62 m) fixed fly (stowed)	535	243	813	369	-278	-126	-259	-117	794	360
27' (8.23 m) offset fly (stowed)	1,052	477	1701	772	-649	-294	-611	-277	1,663	754
27 – 44' (8.23 – 13.41 m) offset fly (stowed)	1,475	669	2184	991	<del>-7</del> 10	-322	-656	-298	2,131	967
Floodlight to boom base section	4	2	7	3	-3	-1	-3	-1	7	3
Auxiliary lifting sheave	71	32	197	82	-126	<i>–57</i>	-124	-56	195	88



# Lifting Capacities

Hydraulic Rough Terrain Crane

# RTC-8030 Series II 30-ton (27.2 metric tons)

# Four-Section Boom Capacities

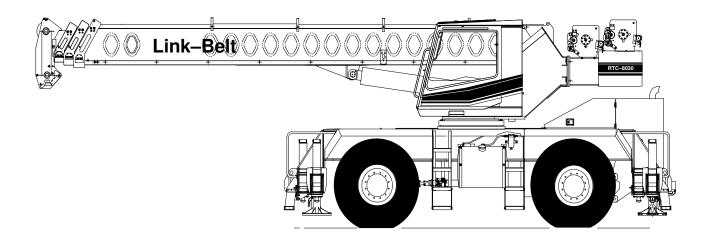
Boom and Fly Capacities for this machine are listed by the following sections.

## **Fully Extended Outriggers**

- Working Range Diagram
- 29' to 49' 9" Main Boom Capacities, "A-max" Mode
- 29' to 91' 3" Main Boom Capacities, Basic Mode "B"
- 25' Fly Capacities, Basic Mode "B"
- 27' to 44' Fly Capacities, Basic Mode "B"

#### **On Tires**

- Working Range Diagram
- 29' to 49' 9" Main Boom Capaicities, "A-max" Mode
- 29' to 60' Main Boom Capacities, Basic Mode "B"



CAUTION: This material is supplied for reference use only. Operator must refer to in-cab Crane Rating Manual to determine allowable machine lifting capacities and operating procedures.

Litho in U.S.A. 10/99 #6244





READ AND UNDERSTAND THE OPERATOR'S AND SAFETY MANUALS AND THE FOLLOWING INSTRUCTIONS AND RATED LIFTING CAPACITIES BEFORE OPERATING CRANE. OPERATION WHICH DOES NOT FOLLOW THESE INSTRUCTIONS MAY RESULT IN AN ACCIDENT

# OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS GENERAL:

- Rated lifting capacities in pounds as shown on lift charts pertain to this crane as originally manufactured and normally equipped. Modifications to the crane or use of optional equipment other than that specified can result in a reduction of capacity.
- Construction equipment can be dangerous if improperly operated or maintained. Operation and maintenance of this crane must be in compliance with the information in the Operator's, Parts, and Safety Manuals supplied with this crane. If these manuals are missing, order replacements through the distributor.
- 3. The operator and other personnel associated with this crane shall read and fully understand the latest applicable American National Standards ASME B30.5 safety standards for cranes.
- 4. The rated lifting capacities are based on crane standing level on firm supporting surface.

#### **SET UP:**

- The crane shall be leveled on a firm supporting surface. Depending on the nature of the supporting surface, it may be necessary to have structural supports under the outrigger pontoons or tires to spread the load to a larger bearing surface.
- 2. When making lifts on outriggers, all tires must be free of supporting surface. All outrigger beams must be extended to the same length; fully retracted, intermediate extended, or fully extended.
- 3. When operating on tires over side, do not exceed 75° maximum boom angle. Loss of backward stability will occur causing a backward tipping condition.
- 4. When making lifts on tires, they must be inflated to the recommended pressure. (See Operation note 20 and Tire Inflation.)
- 5. For required parts of line, see Wire Rope Capacity and Winch Performance.
- Before setting up on intermediate outriggers, retracted outriggers, or tires, refer to Working Range Diagrams and rated lifting capacities to determine allowable crane configurations.

#### **OPERATION:**

- 1. Rated lifting capacities at rated radii shall not be exceeded. Do not tip the crane to determine allowable loads. For concrete bucket operation, weight of bucket and load shall not exceed 80% of rated lifting capacities. For clamshell bucket operation, weight of bucket and bucket contents is restricted to a maximum weight of 5,000 pounds or 80% of rated lifting capacity, whichever is less. For magnet operation, weight of magnet and load is restricted to a maximum weight of 5,000 pounds or 80% of rated lifting capacity, whichever is less. For clamshell and magnet operation, maximum boom length is restricted to 40 feet and the boom angle is restricted to a minimum of 35°. Lifts with any fly erected are prohibited for both clam and magnet operation.
- Rated lifting capacities shown on fully extended outriggers do not exceed 85% of the tipping loads. Rated lifting capacities shown on intermediate extended or fully retracted outriggers are determined by the formula, rated load = (tipping load 0.1 X load factor) / 1.25. Rated lifting capacities shown on tires do not exceed 75% of the tipping loads. Tipping loads are determined by SAE crane stability test code J–765.
- 3. Rated lifting capacities in the shaded areas are based on structural strength or hydraulic limitations and have been tested to meet minimum requirements of SAE J-1063 cantilevered boom crane structures-method of test. Rated lifting capacities in the non-shaded areas are based on stability ratings. Some capacities are limited by a maximum obtainable 78° boom angle.
- 4. Rated lifting capacities include the weight of hook ball/block, slings, bucket, magnet and auxiliary lifting devices. Their weights must be subtracted from the listed rated capacity to obtain the net load that can be lifted. Rated lifting capacities include the deduct for any fly stowed on the base of the boom. For deducts of any fly erected, but not used, see Capacity Deductions For Auxiliary Load Handling Equipment.
- 5. Rated lifting capacities are based on freely suspended loads. No attempt shall be made to move a load horizontally on the ground in any direction.
- 6. Rated lifting capacities are for lift crane service only.
- 7. Do not operate at radii or boom lengths (minimum or maximum) where capacities are not listed. At these positions, the crane can tip or cause boom failure.



- definable because of variation in loadings and crane maintenance, but it is permissible to attempt retraction and extension within the limits of the applicable load rating chart.
- For main boom capacities when either boom length or radius or both are between values listed, proceed as follows:
  - a. For boom lengths not listed, use rating for next longer boom length or next shorter boom length, whichever is smaller.
  - b. For load radii not listed, use rating for next larger radius.
- 10. The user shall operate at reduced ratings to allow for adverse job conditions, such as: soft or uneven ground, out of level conditions, wind, side loads, pendulum action, jerking or sudden stopping of loads, hazardous conditions, experience of personnel, traveling with loads, electrical wires, etc. Side load on boom or fly is dangerous and shall be avoided.
- 11. Rated lifting capacities do not account for wind on suspended load or boom. Rated capacities and boom length shall be appropriately reduced as wind velocity approaches 20 mph.
- 12. When making lifts with auxiliary head machinery, the effective length of the boom increases by 2 feet.
- 13. Power sections of boom must be extended in accordance with boom mode "A" or "B". In boom mode "B" all power sections must be extended or retracted equally.
- 14. The least stable rated working area depends on the configuration of the crane set up.
- 15. Rated lifting capacities are based on correct reeving. Deduction must be made for excessive reeving. Any reeving over minimum required (see Wire Rope Capacity) is considered excessive and must be accounted for when making lifts. Use Working Range Diagram to estimate the extra feet of rope then deduct 1 lb. for each extra foot of wire rope before attempting to lift
- 16. The loaded boom angle combined with the boom length give only an approximation of the operating radius. The boom angle, before loading, should be greater to account for deflection. For main boom capacities, the loaded boom angle is for reference only. For fly capacities, the load radius is for reference only.

- The maximum loads that can be telescoped are not 17. For fly capacities with main boom length less than 91.25ft. and greater than 70 ft., the rated loads are determined by the boom angle using the 91.25ft. boom and fly chart. For angles not shown use the next lower boom angle to determine the rated capacity.
  - 18. For fly capacites with main boom length less than 70ft. the rated loads are determined by the boom angle only using the 70ft. boom and fly chart. For angles not shown, use the next lower boom angle to determine the rated capacity.
  - 19. The 29ft. boom length structural capacities are based on boom fully retracted. If the boom is not fully retracted, do not exceed capacities shown for the 40ft. boom length.
  - 20. Rated lifting capacities on tires depend on tire capacity, condition of tires, and tire air pressure. On tire capacities require lifting from main boom head only on a smooth and level surface. Pick and carry operations are restricted to speed of 2.5 mph and creep. The boom must be centered over the front of the crane with two-position travel swing lock engaged and the load must be restrained from swinging. Lifts with any fly erected on tires are prohibited. For correct tire pressure, see Tire Inflation.

#### **DEFINITIONS:**

- 1. Load Radius: Horizontal distance from a projection of the axis of rotation to the supporting surface, before loading, to the center of the vertical hoist line or tackle with load applied.
- Loaded Boom Angle: 

  The angle between the boom base section and horizontal with freely suspended load at the rated radius.
- 3. Working Area: Area measured in a circular arc about the center line of rotation as shown on the Working Area Diagram.
- 4. Freely Suspended Load: Load hanging free with no direct external force applied except by the hoist line.
- Side Load: Horizontal side force applied to the lifted load either on the ground or in the air.
- No Load Stability Limit: The radius or boom angle beyond which it is not permitted to position the boom because the crane can overturn without any load on the hook.
- 7. Load Factor: Load applied at the boom tip which gives the same moment effect as the boom mass.
- Creep: Crane movement limited to 200 ft. in a 30 min. period and not to exceed 1 mph maximum speed.

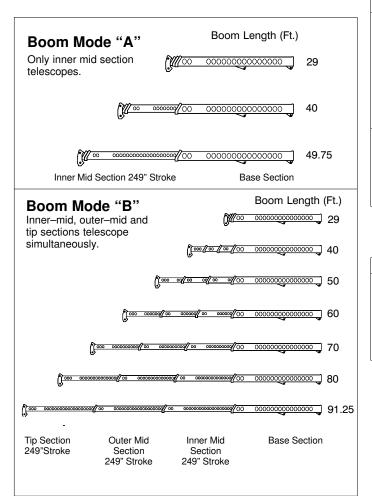


#### TIRE INFLATION

Tire Size	Operation	Tire Pressure (psi)
00.5.7.05.04	2.5 mph	76
20.5 X 25–24 Ply Rating	Creep	95
i ly riamig	Stationary	95
00 5005	2.5 mph	83
20.5R25 1Star Rating	Creep	83
. Clas riding	Stationary	87

#### **PONTOON LOADINGS**

Carga Máxima en el Flotador	Maximum Pontoon Ground Bearing Pressure:			
50,600 lb	208 psi			



#### **WINCH PERFORMANCE**

Winch Line Pulls			Drum Rope Capacity		
	Two Speed Winch		(Ft.)		
Wire	Low Speed	w Speed High Speed			
Rope Lay- er	Available Lbs.*	Available Lbs.	Layer	Total	
1	11,948	6,125	77	77	
2	10,807	5,540	84	161	
3	9,866	5,058	93	254	
4	9,075	4,652	101	355	
5	8,401	4,307	109	464	
* Maximum lifting capacity:					

Type DB Rope = 11,770 Type RB Rope = 9,080

#### **WIRE ROPE CAPACITY**

Maximum Lifting Capacities Based On Wire Rope Strength						
Parts of	5/8"	5/8"				
Line	Type DB	Type RB	Notes			
1	11,770	9,080	Capacities shown are in			
2	23,540	18,160	pounds and working loads must not exceed the rat-			
3	35,310	27,240	ings on the capacity charts			
4	47,080	36,320	in the Crane Rating Manu- al.			
5	58,850	45,400	Study Operator's Manual			
6	70,620	54,480	for wire rope inspection procedures and single part			
7	82,390	63,560	of line application.			
LBCE	DESCR	DESCRIPTION				
Type DB	Improve	6 X 26 (6 X 19 Class) – Warrington Seale – Extra Improved Plow Steel – Preformed – Right Regular Lay – I.W.R.C.				
Type RB		18 X 19 Rotation Resistant – Compacted Strand – High Strength, Preformed, Right Regular Lay				

# HYDRAULIC CIRCUIT PRESSURE SETTINGS

Function	Pressure (psi)
Front And Rear Winch	3500
Outrigger	3000
Boom Hoist/ Telescope	3500
Swing	1600
Steering	2700
Pilot Control	500
Throttle	150



#### **WORKING AREAS**

# RTC On Outriggers 360° Chart See Note Center Of Rotation Over Front See Note Boom Centered Over Front RTC On Tires Note: These Lines Determine The Limiting Position Of Any Load For Operation Within Working Areas Indicated.

# CAPACITY DEDUCTIONS FOR AUXILIARY LOAD HANDLING EQUIPMENT

Load Handling Equipment	Weight (lbs)
Auxiliary Head Attached	75
30 Ton Quick Reeve 3 Sheave Hook Block (See Hook Block For Actual Weight)	720
8.5 Ton Hook Ball (See Hook Ball For Actual Weight)	360

Lifting From Main Boom With:	
Fly Stowed On Boom Base (See Operation Note 4)	0
25 Ft. Fixed Fly Erected But Not Used	1300
27 Ft. Offset Fly Erected But Not Used	2300
44 Ft. Offset Fly Erected But Not Used	4300

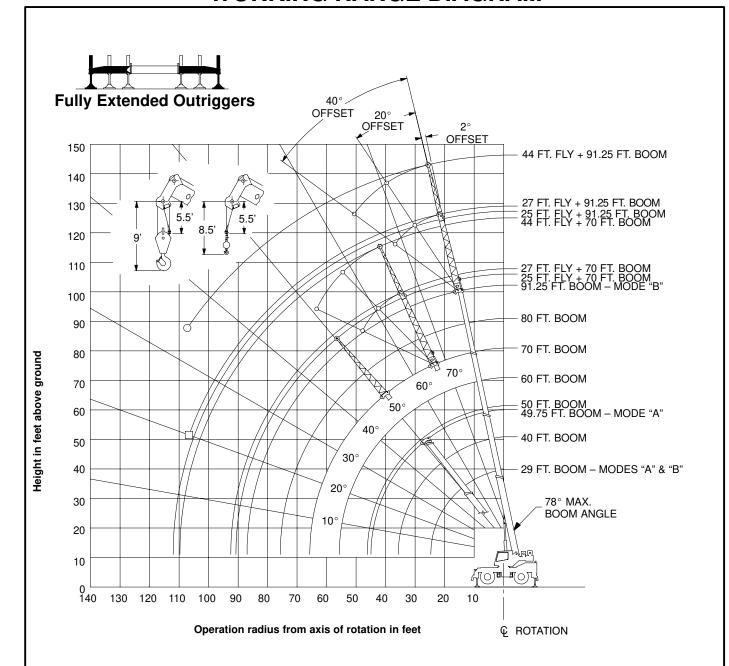
Lifting From 27 Ft. Offset Fly With:				
17 Ft. Fly Tip Erected But Not Used	PROHIBITED			
17 Ft. Fly Tip Stowed On 27 Ft. Offset Fly	PROHIBITED			
Note: Capacity deductions are for Link-Belt supplied equipment only.				

RTC-8030 Series II

- 5-



# **WORKING RANGE DIAGRAM**



- O Denotes Main Boom + 44 Ft. Offset Fly Boom Mode "B"
- □ Denotes Main Boom + 27 Ft. Offset Fly Boom Mode "B"

Note: Boom and fly geometry shown are for unloaded condition and crane standing level on firm supporting surface. Boom deflection, subsequent radius and boom angle change must be accounted for when applying load to hook.



# **WARNING**

Do Not Lower The Boom Below The Minimum Boom Angle For No Load Stability As Shown In The Lift Charts For The Boom Lengths Given. Loss Of Stability Will Occur Causing A Tipping Condition.



Pounds	tended C	oacities In Outriggers		FUL	<del>       </del>	<i>.</i>		‱∞/ <u>00</u>	<u> </u>
Load		29 Ft.			40 Ft.			50 Ft.	
Radius (Ft.)	×°	360°	Over Front	×°	360°	Over Front	×°	360°	Over Front
10	64.5	60,000	60,000	72.5	50,100	50,100	76.0	31,300	31,300
12	60.0	52,300	52,300	69.5	47,600	47,600	74.0	31,300	31,300
15	52.5	43,000	43,000	64.5	40,600	40,600	70.5	31,300	31,300
20	37.0	31,200	31,200	56.0	30,900	30,900	64.0	27,600	27,600
25				46.0	23,300	23,300	57.0	22,900	22,900
30				34.5	18,300	18,300	49.5	18,100	18,100
35				14.5	14,600	14,600	41.0	14,500	14,500
40							30.5	11,200	11,200
45							11.5	8,700	8,800
Min.Bm Ang./ Cap.	0 (24.8)	22,400	22,400	0 (35.8)	14,100	14,100	0 (45.5)	8,500	8,500

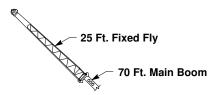
Note: Refer To Page 5 For "Capacity Deductions For Load Handling Equipment." ∠ Loaded Boom Angle In Degrees. () Reference Radius For Minimum Boom Angle Capacities (Shown in Parenthesis) Are In Feet. \*This Capacity Based On Maximum Obtainable Boom Angle.

Pounds	Rated Lifting Capacities In Pounds						11	1	2000	ю // 00	<b>//</b> 00		$\overline{\bigcirc}$	
Fully Ex See Set			Outriggers e 2	5	_	FUI	LL		· •	MAIN E	BOOM	1 "E	3"	
Load			29 Ft.				40 Ft.				50	Ft.		
Radius (Ft.)	X	0	360°	Over Front	ž	×°	360°		Over Front	×°	360	0	Over Front	
10	64	.5	60,000	60,000	7	72.0	25,000		25,000	76.0	25,00	00	25,000	
12	60	.0	52,300	52,300	6	9.0	25,000		25,000	74.0	25,00	00	25,000	
15	52	.5	43,000	43,000	6	64.5	25,000		25,000	70.5	25,00	00	25,000	
20	37	.0	31,200	31,200	5	6.0	25,000		25,000	64.0	25,00	00	25,000	
25			,	1	4	16.0	24,300		24,300	57.0	24,60		24,60	
30						34.0	19,200		19,200	49.5	19,50		19,50	
35						14.5	15,500		15,500	41.0	15,90		15,90	
40						14.5	13,300	+	13,300	30.5				
											12,70		12,70	
45								_		13.0	10,20	)0	10,20	
Min.Bm Ang./ Cap.	(24		22,400	22,400	(3	<b>0</b> 35.8)	13,500		13,500	<b>0</b> (45.8)	9,50	0	9,500	
Load				60 Ft.						70	Ft.			
Radius (Ft.)			z°	360°			over ront		z°	36	0°		Over Front	
12			76.5	25,000			,000							
15			74.5	25,000		25	,000		77.0	25,0	25,000		25,000	
20			69.0	25,000		25	,000		73.0	.0 25,000		25,000		
25			64.0	24,200		24	,200		68.5	22,700		22,700		
30			58.0	19,700		19	,700		64.0	19,100			19,100	
35			52.0	16,100		16	,100		59.0	16,2	16,200		16,200	
40			45.5	12,900		12	,900		54.0	13,0	000		13,000	
45			37.5	10,400			,500		48.5	10,5			10,600	
50			28.0	8,600			600		42.0	8,7			8,700	
55			12.0	7,100		7,	100		35.0	7,2			7,300	
60									26.0	6,1			6,100	
65									11.5	5,1	00		5,100	
Min.Bm Ang./Cap		(	<b>0</b> 55.8)	6,900		6,	900		0 (65.8)	4,9			5,000	
Load				80 Ft.						91.2	5 Ft.			
Radius (Ft.)			ヹ゜	360°		F	over ront		∡°	36			Over Front	
20			76.0	25,000			,000		78.0*	19,0			19,000	
25			72.0	21,400			,400		75.0	19,0			19,000	
30			68.5	18,100			,100		72.0	16,8			16,800	
35 40			64.5 60.0	15,500			,500		68.5 65.0	14,7			14,700	
40 45			55.5	10,600			,100 ,700		61.0	12,8			12,800	
45 50			50.5	8,800			800		57.0				8,900	
55			45.5	7,300			400		53.0		8,800 7,400		7,400	
60			39.5	6,100			200		48.5		7,400 6,200		6,300	
65			33.0	5,200			200		44.0	5,2			5,300	
70			25.0	4,400			400		39.0	4,4			4,500	
75			11.0	3,700			700		33.0	3,8			3,800	
80				3,700		5,			26.0	3,2			3,300	
85									15.0	2,7			2,700	
Min.Bm.	.		0	0.000		_	000		0					
Ang./Cap		(	75.8)	3,600		3,	600		(87.0)	2,5	υU		2,500	

Note: Refer To Page 5 For "Capacity Deductions For Load Handling Equipment." 

∠° Loaded Boom Angle In Degrees. () Reference Radius For Minimum Boom Angle Capacities (Shown in Parenthesis) Are In Feet. \*This Capacity Based On Maximum Obtainable Boom Angle.





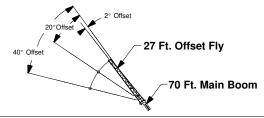
	•					
Load Radius (Ft.)	×°	360°				
20	78.0*	15,200				
25	75.0	13,500				
30	72.0	12,200				
35	68.5	10,600				
40	65.5	9,800				
45	62.0	9,100				
50	58.5	8,200				
55	55.0	7,500				
60	51.0	7,000				
65	46.5	6,100				
70	42.0	5,300				
75	36.5	4,600				
80	30.5	4,000				
85	23.0	3,500				
90	10.5	3,000				
Min.Bm. Ang./Cap.	0	2,900				

 $\label{eq:Note:Refer} \mbox{Note: Refer To Page 5 For "Capacity Deductions For Auxiliary Load Handling Equipment". $\mathcal{A}^{\circ}$ Loaded Boom Angle In Degrees. * This Capacity Based On Maximum Obtainable Boom Angle.$ 



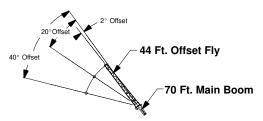
Rated Lifting Capac Fully Extended Outr See Set Up Note 2		FULL			
Load Radius (Ft.)	×°	360°			
30	76.5	10,200			
35	74.5	10,200			
40	72.0	9,800			
45	69.5	9,200			
50	67.0	8,400			
55	64.0	7,700			
60	61.0	6,900			
65	58.0	5,900			
70	54.5	5,100			
75	51.0	4,400			
80	47.5	3,800			
85	43.5	3,300			
90	39.5	2,900			
95	35.0	2,500			
100	29.5	2,100			
105	23.5	1,800			
110	14.0	1,500			
Min.Bm. Ang./Cap.	0	1,400			

**Note:** Refer To Page 5 For "Capacity Deductions For Auxiliary Load Handling Equipment".  $\@ifnextchar[{\@model{Auxiliary}}\]$  Loaded Boom Angle In Degrees.



		g Capacities Ir led Outriggers Note 2		FUI		
Load	2° C	Offset	20°	Offset	40° (	Offset
Radius (Ft.)	×°	360°	×°	360°	×°	360°
25	75.5	13,000				
30	72.5	11,000	77.0	7,700		
35	69.0	10,100	73.5	7,100	78.0*	5,300
40	66.0	9,300	70.5	6,500	74.5	5,000
45	62.5	8,400	67.0	6,100	71.0	4,800
50	59.5	7,600	63.5	5,700	67.5	4,600
55	55.5	6,900	60.0	5,400	63.5	4,500
60	52.0	6,400	56.5	5,100	59.5	4,400
65	48.0	5,800	52.0	4,800	55.5	4,200
70	43.5	5,000	48.0	4,600	50.5	4,200
75	38.5	4,300	43.0	4,400	45.5	4,100
80	32.5	3,700	37.0	3,900		
85	26.0	3,200	30.0	3,300		
90	16.5	2,800				
Min. Bm. Ang./Cap.	0	2,400	0	2,500	0	2,700

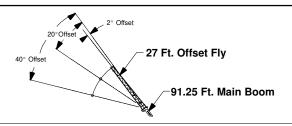
**Note:** Refer To Page 5 For "Capacity Deductions For Auxiliary Load Handling Equipment".  $\stackrel{\circ}{\mathcal{L}}$  Loaded Boom Angle In Degrees. \* This Capacity Based On Maximum Obtainable Boom Angle.

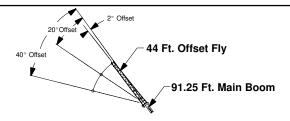


Fully	d Lifting Ca Extended Set Up Not		ounds	FULL			
Load	2° (	Offset	20° (	Offset	40° (	Offset	
Radius (Ft.)	×°	360°	×°	360°	×°	360°	
30	76.0	7,400					
35	73.5	6,600					
40	70.5	5,800	77.0	4,000			
45	68.0	5,300	74.5	3,700			
50	65.0	4,800	71.5	3,500	78.0*	2,700	
55	62.5	4,300	69.0	3,200	75.0	2,500	
60	59.5	4,000	66.0	3,000	72.0	2,400	
65	56.5	3,700	63.0	2,900	68.5	2,300	
70	53.5	3,400	59.5	2,700	65.5	2,300	
75	50.0	3,100	56.5	2,600	61.5	2,200	
80	46.5	2,900	52.5	2,400	57.5	2,100	
85	42.5	2,700	49.0	2,300	53.5	2,100	
90	38.5	2,600	44.5	2,200	48.5	2,100	
95	34.0	2,400	40.0	2,200	43.0	2,100	
100	28.5	2,300	34.0	2,100			
105	21.0	2,000	26.0	2,100			
Min.Bm. Ang./Cap.	0	1,500	0	1,600	0	1,800	

**Note:** Refer To Page 5 For "Capacity Deductions For Auxiliary Load Handling Equipment".  $\preceq$ ° Loaded Boom Angle In Degrees. \* This Capacity Based On Maximum Obtainable Boom Angle.







Rated Lifting Capacities In Pounds Fully Extended Outriggers See Set Up Note 2  FULL	Fully Extended Outriggers	FL	JLL
--	---------------------------	----	-----

Load	2° C	Offset	20°	Offset	40° (	Offset
Radius (Ft.)	∡°	360°	∡°	360°	∡°	360°
30	77.0	9,900				
35	75.0	9,700	78.0*	7,200		
40	72.5	9,300	76.0	6,800		
45	70.0	8,600	73.5	6,400	76.5	5,000
50	67.5	7,800	71.0	6,100	74.0	4,800
55	64.5	7,200	68.0	5,800	71.0	4,600
60	62.0	6,600	65.5	5,500	68.5	4,500
65	58.5	5,600	62.5	5,200	65.5	4,400
70	55.5	4,800	59.5	5,000	62.5	4,300
75	52.0	4,100	56.5	4,400	59.0	4,200
80	48.5	3,500	52.5	3,800	55.5	4,000
85	45.0	3,000	49.0	3,200	51.5	3,400
90	41.0	2,600	45.0	2,800	47.0	2,900
95	36.5	2,200	40.5	2,300	42.0	2,400
100	31.5	1,800	35.5	2,000		
105	26.0	1,500	29.0	1,600		
110			21.0	1,300		

#### **WARNING**

Do Not Lower 27 Ft. Offset Fly In Working Position Below 20° Main Boom Angle Unless Main Boom Length Is 87 Ft. Or Less, Since Loss Of Stability Will Occur Causing A Tipping Condition.

**Note:** Refer To Page 5 For "Capacity Deductions For Auxiliary Load Handling Equipment".  $\cancel{X}$ ° Loaded Boom Angle In Degrees. \* This Capacity Based On Maximum Obtainable Boom Angle.

Rate Fully See	FULL	H					
Load	2° C	Offset	20°	20° Offset 40° Off			
Radius (Ft.)	z °	360°	×°	360°	×°	360°	
35	77.5	6,500					
40	75.5	6,000					
45	73.5	5,500					
50	71.0	5,100	76.5	3,600			
55	69.0	4,700	74.0	3,400			
60	66.5	4,400	72.0	3,200	77.0	2,500	
65	64.5	4,100	69.5	3,100	74.5	2,400	
70	62.0	3,800	67.0	2,900	72.0	2,300	
75	59.5	3,600	64.5	2,800	69.5	2,300	
80	57.0	3,400	62.0	2,700	66.5	2,200	
85	54.5	3,200	59.5	2,500	64.0	2,200	
90	51.5	2,800	56.5	2,400	61.0	2,100	
95	48.0	2,400	54.0	2,400	57.5	2,100	
100	45.0	2,000	50.5	2,300	54.5	2,100	
105	41.5	1,700	47.0	2,000	50.5	2,100	
110	37.5	1,400	43.0	1,700	46.0	1,800	
115			38.5	1 400	40.5	1 500	

#### **WARNING**

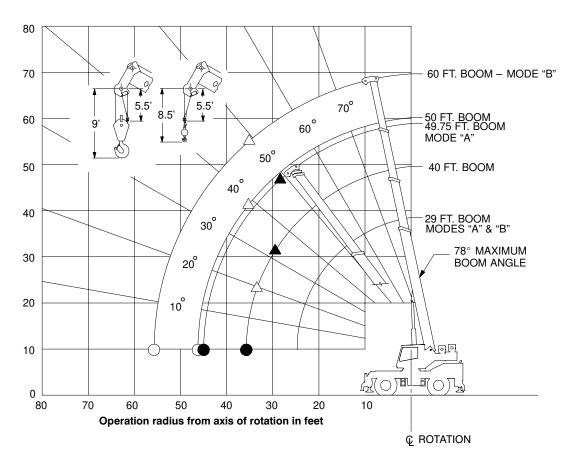
Do Not Lower 44 Ft. Offset Fly In Working Position Below 34.5° Main Boom Angle Unless Main Boom Length Is 80 Ft. Or Less, Since Loss Of Stability Will Occur Causing A Tipping Condition.

**Note:** Refer To Page 5 For "Capacity Deductions For Auxiliary Load Handling Equipment".  $\not\preceq$  Loaded Boom Angle In Degrees.



# **WORKING RANGE DIAGRAM**





Crane Configurations Prohibited: Boom Lengths Greater than 60 FT. 25 Ft. Fixed Fly 27 Ft. Offset Fly 44 Ft. Offset Fly

Height in feet above ground

Denotes Main Boom 360° - Boom Mode "A" Denotes Main Boom 360° - Boom Mode "B"

Denotes Main Boom Between Tire Tracks Or Centered Over Front - Boom Mode "A" Denotes Main Boom Between Tire Tracks Or Centered Over Front – Boom Mode "B"

Note: Boom geometry shown is for unloaded condition and crane standing level on firm supporting surface. Boom deflection, subsequent radius and boom angle change must be accounted for when applying load to hook.



Do Not Lower The Boom Below The Minimum Boom Angle For No Load Stability As Shown In The Lift Charts For The Boom Lengths Given. Loss Of Stability Will Occur Causing A Tipping Condition.



On Tire Capaci Tire Pressure: Stationary Cap Over Front Bet See Operation	See Page 5 acities ween Tire Tracks		ON TIRES			∞√00		
Load	29	Ft.	40	Ft.	49.7	49.75 Ft.		
Radius (Ft.)	×°	Load	×°	Load	×°	Load		
10	64.5	32,800						
12	59.5	28,900	69.0	28,600				
15	52.0	24,300	64.0	24,000				
20	37.0	17,400	55.5	17,100	63.5	16,800		
25			46.0	11,400	56.5	11,200		
30			34.0	8,000	49.0	7,900		
35			14.0	5,700	40.5	5,600		
40					30.0	4,000		
45					11.0	2,800		
Min.Bm. Ang./ Cap.	0 (24.8)	11,700	0 (35.8)	5,400	0 (45.5)	2,700		

**Note:** Refer To Page 5 For "Capacity Deductions For Auxiliary Load Handling Equipment".  $\preceq$  Loaded Boom Angle In Degrees. () Reference Radius For Minimum Boom Angle Capacities (Shown In Parenthesis) Are In Feet.

On Tire Capacities In I Tire Pressure: See Pa Stationary Capacities Over Front Between T See Operation Note 20	age 5 ire Tracks	ON TIRES	MAIN BOOM "B"			
Load	29	Ft.	40	Ft.		
Radius (Ft.)	×°	メ <sup>°</sup> Load		Load		
10	64.5	32,800	72.0	25,000		
12	59.5	28,900	69.0	25,000		
15	52.0	24,300	64.0	24,800		
20	37.0	17,400	55.5	18,100		
25			46.0	12,300		
30			34.0	8,800		
35			14.0	6,500		
Min.Bm. Ang./Cap.	0 (24.8)	11,700	0 (35.8)	6,200		
Load	50	Ft.	60 Ft.			
Radius (Ft.)	×°	Load	×°	Load		
20	63.5	18,300				
25	56.5	12,600	63.5	12,700		
30	49.0	9,200	57.5	9,300		
35	40.5	6,900	51.5	7,100		
40	30.0	5,200	45.0	5,400		
45	12.5	4,000	37.0	4,200		
50			27.5	3,200		
55			11.5	2,500		
Min.Bm. Ang./Cap.	0 (45.8)	3,800	0 (55.8)	2,300		

**Note:** Refer To Page 5 For "Capacity Deductions For Auxiliary Load Handling Equipment".  $\preceq$  Loaded Boom Angle In Degrees. ( ) Reference Radius For Minimum Boom Angle Capacities (Shown In Parenthesis) Are In Feet.

Tire Pre Pick & C (1 MPH)	On Tire Capacities In Pounds Tire Pressure: See Page 5 Pick & Carry Capacities (1 MPH) Boom Centered Over Front See Operation Note 20				TIRES		,	‱တ္တ	<del></del>
Load		29 Ft.			40 Ft.			49.75 Ft.	
Radius (Ft.)	×°	Creep	2.5 mph	×°	Creep	2.5 mph	×°	Creep	2.5 mph
10	64.5	31,900	22,200						
12	59.5	27,600	19,000	69.0	27,300	18,700			
15	52.0	22,700	15,300	64.0	22,500	15,000			
20	37.0	17,000	11,000	55.5	16,800	10,800	63.5	16,700	10,700
25				46.0	11,400	7,900	56.5	11,200	7,800
30				34.0	8,000	5,800	49.0	7,900	5,700
35				14.0	5,700	4,200	40.5	5,600	4,200
40							30.0	4,000	2,900
45							11.0	2,800	1,900
Min.Bm Ang./ Cap	0 (24.8)	11,700	8,100	0 (35.8)	5,400	4,000	0 (45.5)	2,700	1,800

**Note:** Refer To Page 5 For "Capacity Deductions For Auxiliary Load Handling Equipment".  $\not \Delta$  Loaded Boom Angle In Degrees. ( ) Reference Radius For Minimum Boom Angle Capacities (Shown In Parenthesis) Are In Feet.

On Tire Capaci Tire Pressure: Pick & Carry Ca (1 MPH) Boom See Operation	See Page 5 apacities Centered Over I		ON TIRES	(°)0000	// 00 //00 MAIN BO	OOM "B"
Load		29 Ft.			40 Ft.	
Radius (Ft.)	×°	Creep	2.5 mph	×°	Creep	2.5 mph
10	64.5	31,900	22,200	72.0	25,000	22,500
12	59.5	27,600	19,000	69.0	25,000	19,400
15	52.0	22,700	15,300	64.0	23,200	15,800
20	37.0	17,000	11,000	55.5	17,500	11,600
25				46.0	12,300	8,700
30				34.0	8,800	6,600
35				14.0	6,500	5,000
Min.Bm Ang./ Cap.	0 (24.8)	11,700	8,100	0 (35.8)	6,200	4,800
Load		50 Ft.		60 Ft.		
Radius (Ft.)	×°	Creep	2.5 mph	×°	Creep	2.5 mph
20	63.5	17,800	11,800			
25	56.5	12,600	9,000	63.5	12,700	9,100
30	49.0	9,200	6,900	57.5	9,300	7,100
35	40.5	6,900	5,300	51.5	7,100	5,500
40	30.0	5,200	4,100	45.0	5,400	4,300
45	12.5	4,000	3,100	37.0	4,200	3,300
50				27.5	3,200	2,500
55				11.5	2,500	1,800
Min.Bm. Ang./ Cap.	0 (45.8)	3,800	2,900	0 (55.8)	2,300	1,700

**Note:** Refer To Page 7 For "Capacity Deductions For Auxiliary Load Handling Equipment".  $\not\preceq$  Loaded Boom Angle In Degrees. \* This Capacity Based On Maximum Obtainable Boom Angle.



On Tire Capacities In Pounds Tire Pressure: See Page 5 See Operation Note 20  ON TIRES  360° ON TIRES  MAIN BOOM "A"							
Load	2011. 1011.						
Radius (Ft.)	×°	Load	×°	∡° Load		Load	
10	64.5	24,000					
12	59.5	17,700	69.0	17,200			
15	52.0	12,000	64.0	11,700			
20	37.0	7,000	55.5	6,800	63.0	6,700	
25			46.0	4,100	56.5	4,000	
30			34.0	2,300	49.0	2,200	
Min.Bm Ang./ Cap.	0 (24.8)	4,200	<b>26.5</b> (32.3)	_	<b>45.5</b> (31.9)	_	

**Note:** Refer To Page 5 For "Capacity Deductions For Auxiliary Load Handling Equipment".  $\boldsymbol{\mathcal{L}}^{\circ}$  Loaded Boom Angle In Degrees. ( ) Reference Radius For Minimum Boom Angle Capacities (Shown In Parenthesis) Are In Feet.

On Tire Capacities In Pounds Tire Pressure: See Page 5 Stationary Capacities–360 Degree See Operation Note 20		360° ON TIRES	MAIN BOOM "B"		
Load	29	Ft.	40 Ft.		
Radius (Ft.)	×°	Load	z°	Load	
10	64.0	24,000	72.0	24,400	
12	59.5	17,700	69.0	18,200	
15	52.0	12,000	64.0	12,700	
20	37.0	7,000	55.5	7,700	
25			45.5	4,900	
30			34.0	3,100	
35			14.0	1,800	
Min.Bm. Ang./Cap.	0 (24.8)	4,200	0 (35.8)	1,700	
Load	50	Ft.	60 Ft.		
Radius (Ft.)	×°	Load	z°	Load	
20	63.5	7,900			
25	56.5	5,200	63.0	5,300	
30	49.0	3,400	57.0	3,600	
35	40.5	2,200	51.0	2,400	
Min.Bm. Ang./Cap.	34 (38.2)		45.5 (39.4)		

**Note:** Refer To Page 5 For "Capacity Deductions For Auxiliary Load Handling Equipment".  $\preceq^{\circ}$  Loaded Boom Angle In Degrees. () Reference Radius For Minimum Boom Angle Capacities (Shown In Parenthesis) Are In Feet.



# Lifting Capacities

Telescopic Rough Terrain Crane

RTC-8030 Series II 30-ton (27.2 metric ton)

# **Three-Section Boom Capacities**

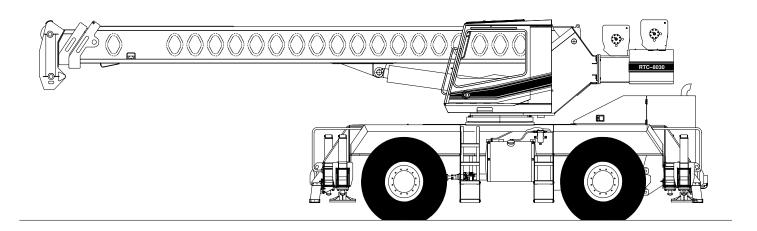
Boom and fly capacities for this machine are listed by the following sections:

#### **Fully Extended Outriggers**

- Working Range Diagram
- 30 to 78 ft. Main Boom capacities
- 25 ft. offset fly capacities
- 27 ft. offset fly capacities
- 27 to 44 ft. two-piece offset fly capacities

#### **On-Tires**

- Working Range Diagram
- 30 to 78 ft. Main Boom capacities



CAUTION: This material is supplied for reference use only. Operator must refer to in–cab Crane Rating Manual to determine allowable machine lifting capacities and operating procedures.

Litho in U.S.A. 2/02 #6301 (supersedes #6252)





# WARNING

READ AND UNDERSTAND THE OPERATOR'S AND SAFETY MANUALS AND THE FOLLOWING INSTRUCTIONS AND RATED LIFTING CAPACITIES BEFORE OPERATING THE CRANE. OPERATION WHICH DOES NOT FOLLOW THESE INSTRUCTIONS MAY RESULT IN AN ACCIDENT.

#### OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

#### **GENERAL:**

- Rated lifting capacities in pounds as shown on lift charts pertain to this crane as originally manufactured and normally equipped. Modifications to the crane or use of optional equipment other than that specified can result in a reduction of capacity.
- Construction equipment can be dangerous if improperly operated or maintained. Operation and maintenance of this crane must be in compliance with the information in the Operator's, Parts, and Safety Manuals supplied with this crane. If these manuals are missing, order replacements through the distributor.
- 3. The operator and other personnel associated with this crane shall read and fully understand the latest 2. applicable American National Standards ASME B30.5 safety standards for cranes.
- 4. The rated lifting capacities are based on crane standing level on firm supporting surface.

#### **SET UP:**

- The crane shall be leveled on a firm supporting surface. Depending on the nature of the supporting surface, it may be necessary to have structural supports under the outrigger pontoons or tires to spread the load to a larger bearing surface.
- When making lifts on outriggers, all tires must be free of supporting surface. All outrigger beams must be extended to the same length; fully retracted, intermediate extended, or fully extended.
- 3. When operating on tires over the side, do not exceed 75° maximum boom angle. Loss of backward stability will occur causing a backward tipping condition.
- When making lifts on tires, they must be inflated to the recommended pressure. (See Operation note 20 and Tire Inflation.)
- 5. For required parts of line, see Wire Rope Capacity and Winch Performance.
- 6. Before setting up on intermediate outriggers, retracted outriggers, or tires, refer to Working Range Diagrams and rated lifting capacities to determine allowable crane 6. configurations.

#### **OPERATION:**

- 1. Rated lifting capacities at rated radii shall not be exceeded. Do not tip the crane to determine allowable loads. For concrete bucket operation, weight of bucket and load shall not exceed 80% of rated lifting capacities. For clamshell bucket operation, weight of bucket and bucket contents is restricted to a maximum weight of 5000 pounds or 80% of rated lifting capacity, whichever is less. For magnet operation, weight of magnet and load is restricted to a maximum weight of 5000 pounds or 80% of rated lifting capacity, whichever is less. For clamshell and magnet operation, maximum boom length is restricted to 40 feet and the boom angle is restricted to a minimum of 35 degrees. Lifts with any fly erected are prohibited for both clam and magnet operation.
- 2. Rated lifting capacities shown on fully extended outriggers do not exceed 85% of the tipping loads. Rated lifting capacities shown on intermediate extended or fully retracted outriggers are determined by the formula, rated load = (tipping load – 0.1 X load factor) / 1.25. Rated lifting capacities shown on tires do not exceed 75% of the tipping loads. Tipping loads are determined by SAE crane stability test code J–765.
- 3. Rated lifting capacities in the shaded areas are based on structural strength or hydraulic limitations and have been tested to meet minimum requirements of SAE J-1063 cantilevered boom crane structures—method of test. Rated lifting capacities in the non—shaded areas are based on stability ratings. Some capacities are limited by a maximum obtainable 78° boom angle.
- 4. Rated lifting capacities include the weight of hook ball/block, slings, bucket, magnet and auxiliary lifting devices. Their weights must be subtracted from the listed rated capacity to obtain the net load that can be lifted. Rated lifting capacities include the deduct for any fly stowed on the base of the boom. For deducts of any fly erected, but not used, see Capacity Deductions For Auxiliary Load Handling Equipment.
- Rated lifting capacities are based on freely suspended loads. No attempt shall be made to move a load horizontally on the ground in any direction.
- 6. Rated lifting capacities are for lift crane service only.
- 7. Do not operate at radii or boom lengths (minimum or maximum) where capacities are not listed. At these positions, the crane can tip or cause boom failure.
- 8. The maximum loads that can be telescoped are not definable because of variation in loadings and crane maintenance, but it is permissible to attempt retraction and extension within the limits of the applicable load rating chart.



- radius or both are between values listed, proceed as follows:
  - boom length or next shorter boom length, whichever is smaller.
  - b. For load radii not listed, use rating for next larger ra-
- 10. The user shall operate at reduced ratings to allow for adverse job conditions, such as: soft or uneven ground, out of level conditions, wind, side loads, pendulum action, jerking or sudden stopping of loads, hazardous conditions, experience of personnel, traveling with loads, electrical wires, etc. Side load on boom or fly is DEFINITIONS: dangerous and shall be avoided.
- 11. Rated lifting capacities do not account for wind on suspended load or boom. Rated capacities and boom length shall be appropriately reduced as wind velocity approaches 20 mph.
- 12. When making lifts with auxiliary head machinery, the effective length of the boom increases by 2 ft.
- 13. Power sections of boom must be extended equally. 3 (Stroke of center and tip sections is 24 ft. for each section).
- 14. The least stable rated working area depends on the 4. configuration of the crane set up.
- 15. Rated lifting capacities are based on correct reeving. 5. Deduction must be made for excessive reeving. Any reeving over minimum required (see Wire Rope 6. Capacity) is considered excessive and must be accounted for when making lifts. Use Working Range Diagram to estimate the extra feet of rope then deduct 1 lb. for each extra foot of wire rope before attempting to lift 7 a load.
- 16. The loaded boom angle combined with the boom length 8 give only an approximation of the operating radius. The boom angle, before loading, should be greater to account for deflection. For main boom capacities, the loaded boom angle is for reference only. For fly capacities, the load radius is for reference only.
- 17. For fly capacities with main boom length less than 78 ft., the rated capacities are determined by the boom angle using the 78 ft. boom and fly chart. For angles not shown use the next lower boom angle to determine the rated capacity.

- 9. For main boom capacities when either boom length or 18. The 30ft. boom length structural capacities are based on boom fully retracted. If the boom is not fully retracted, do not exceed capacities shown for the 40 ft. boom length.
  - a. For boom lengths not listed, use rating for next longer 19. Rated lifting capacities on tires depend on tire capacity, condition of tires, and tire air pressure. On tire capacities require lifting from main boom head only on a smooth and level surface. Pick and carry operations are restricted to speed of 2.5 mph and creep. The boom must be centered over the front of the crane with two-position travel swing lock engaged and the load must be restrained from swinging. Lifts with any fly erected on tires are prohibited. For correct tire pressure, see Tire Inflation.

- 1. Load Radius: Horizontal distance from a projection of the axis of rotation to the supporting surface, before loading, to the center of the vertical hoist line or tackle with load applied.
- 2. Loaded Boom Angle: 🔏 The angle between the boom base section and horizontal with freely suspended load at the rated radius.
- Working Area: Area measured in a circular arc about the center line of rotation as shown on the Working Area Diagram.
- Freely Suspended Load: Load hanging free with no direct external force applied except by the hoist line.
- Side Load: Horizontal side force applied to the lifted load either on the ground or in the air.
- No Load Stability Limit: The radius or boom angle beyond which it is not permitted to position the boom because the crane can overturn without any load on the hook.
- Load Factor: Load applied at the boom tip which gives the same moment effect as the boom mass.
- Creep: Crane movement limited to 200 ft. in a 30 minute period and not to exceed 1 mph maximum speed.



#### **TIRE INFLATION**

Tire Size	Operation	Tire Pressure (psi)
20.5 X 25–24 Ply Rating	Stationary Creep 2.5 mph	95 95 76
20.5R25 - 1 Star Radial	Stationary Creep 2.5 mph	87 83 83

#### **PONTOON LOADINGS**

Maximum Pontoon Load:	Maximum Pontoon Ground Bearing Pressure:
50,600 lbs.	208 psi

#### **CAPACITY DEDUCTIONS FOR AUXILIARY** LOAD HANDLING EQUIPMENT

Load Handling Equipment:	(lbs.)	
Auxiliary Head Attached	75	
30-ton quick reeve 3 sheave hook block (see hook block for actual weight)		
8.5-ton hook ball (see hook ball for actual weight)		
Lifting From Main Boom With:		
Fly Stowed On Boom Base (See Operation Note 4)	0	
25 Ft. Fixed Fly Erected But Not Used		
27 Ft. Offset Fly Erected But Not Used		
44 Ft. Offset Fly Erected But Not Used		
Lifting From 28.5 ft. Offset Fly With:		

17 ft. fly tip erected but not used	PROHIBITED
17 ft. fly tip stowed on 28.5 ft. offset fly	PROHIBITED
Note: Canacity deductions are for Link-Relt sur	onlied equipment only

#### **WINCH PERFORMANCE**

	Winch Line Pulls			Daving Bono Connector (ft.)	
Wire	Two Speed	d Winch	Drum Rope Capacity (ft.)		
Rope	Low Speed	High Speed			
Layer	Available Lbs.*	Available lbs.	Layer	Total	
1	11,948	6,125	77	77	
2	10,807	5,540	85	161	
3	9,866	5,058	93	254	
4	9,075	4,652	101	355	
5	8,401	4,307	109	464	
*Maxim	um lifting capacity: 1	Type DB Rope = 1	1,770 Type RB R	lope = 9,080	

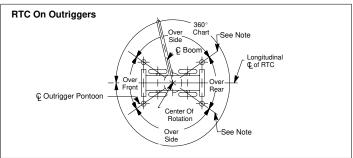
#### **WIRE ROPE CAPACITY**

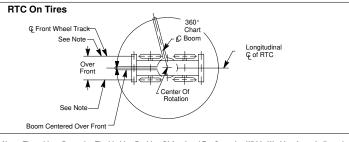
Maximum Lifting Capacities Based On Wire Rope Strength							
Danta of Line	5/8"	5/8"	Notes				
Parts of Line	Type DB	Type RB	Notes				
1	11,770	9,080					
2	23,540	18,160	Capacities shown are in pounds				
3	35,310	27,240	and working loads must not ex- ceed the ratings on the capacity				
4	47,080	36,320	charts in the Crane Rating Manual.				
5	58,850	45,400	Study Operator's Manual for wire				
6	70,620	54,480	rope inspection procedures.				
7	82,390	63,540					
LBCE	DES	CRIPTION					
TYPE DB	6 x 26 (6 x 19 Class) – Warrington Seale – Extra Improv Plow Steel – Preformed – Right Regular Lay – I.W.R.G						
TYPE RB	18 x 19 Rotation Resistant – Compacted Strand – High Strength – Preformed – Right Regular Lay						

#### **HYDRAULIC CIRCUIT PRESSURE SETTINGS**

Function	Pressure (PSI)
Front And Rear Winch	3500
Outriggers	3000
Boom Hoist / Telescope	3500
Swing	1600
Steering	2700
Pilot Control	500
Throttle	150

#### **WORKING AREAS**

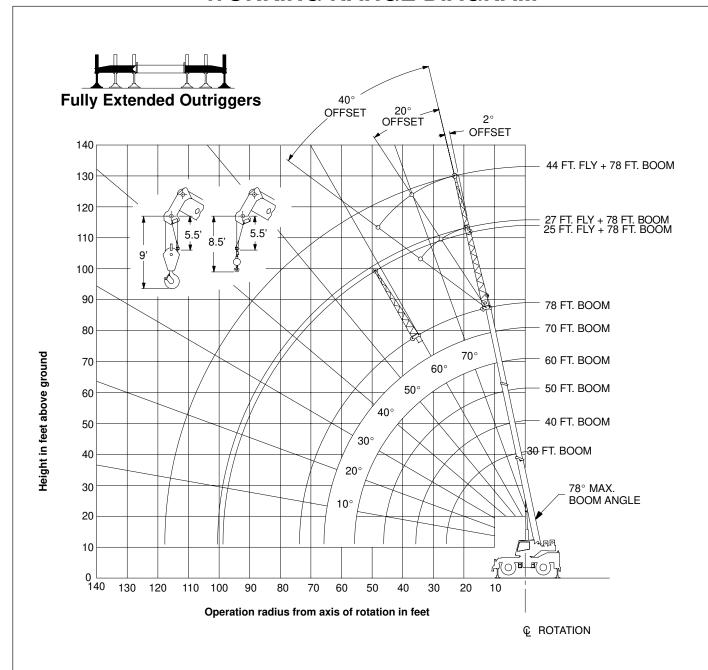




Note: These Lines Determine The Limiting Position Of Any Load For Operation Within Working Areas Indicated



# **WORKING RANGE DIAGRAM**

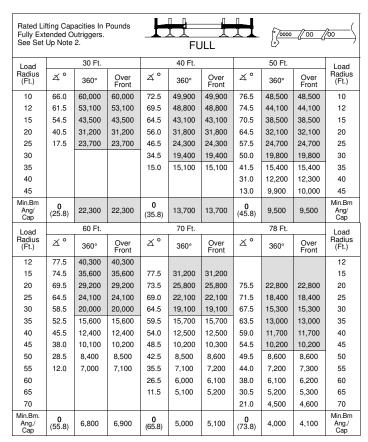


Note: Boom and fly geometry shown are for unloaded condition and crane standing level on firm supporting surface. Boom deflection, subsequent radius and boom angle change must be accounted for when applying load to hook.

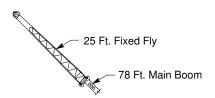


Do Not Lower The Boom Below The Minimum Boom Angle For No Load Stability As Shown In The Lift Charts For The Boom Lengths Given. Loss Of Stability Will Occur Causing A Tipping Condition.



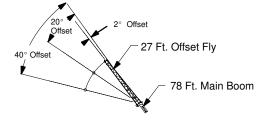


Note: Refer To Page 5 For "Capacity Deductions For Auxiliary Load Handling Equipment".  $\angle$  Loaded Boom Angle In Degrees. ( ) Reference Radius For Minimum Boom Angle Capacities (Shown in Parenthesis) Are In Feet.



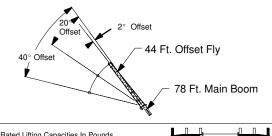
Rated Lifting Capacities Ir Fully Extended Outriggers See Set Up Note 2.		FULL		
Load Radius (Ft.)	∡°	360°	Load Radius (Ft.)	
25	77.0	11,700	25	
30	74.0	11,200	30	
35	71.0	10,400	35	
40	68.5	9,700	40	
45	65.0	8,500	45	
50	62.0	7,500	50	
55	58.5	6,700	55	
60	55.0	6,000	60	
65	51.5	5,400	65	
70	47.5	4,900	70	
75	43.5	4,400	75	
80	38.5	3,900	80	
85	33.5	3,400	85	
90	27.0	3,000	90	
95	19.0	2,700	95	
Min.Bm. Ang./Cap.	0	2,400	Min.Bm. Ang./Cap.	

Note: Refer To Page 5 For "Capacity Deductions For Auxiliary Load Handling Equipment".  $\overset{\circ}{\mathcal{L}}$  Loaded Boom Angle In Degrees.



Rated Lifting Capacities In Pounds Fully Extended Outriggers. See Set Up Note 2  FULL							
Load	2° O	ffset	20° Offset		40° Offset		Load
Radius (Ft.)	∡°	360°	∡°	360°	∡°	360°	Radius (Ft.)
25	77.0	11,000					25
30	74.5	10,700					30
35	71.5	9,900	75.5	7,100			35
40	69.0	9,200	72.5	6,600	76.5	5,100	40
45	66.0	8,000	70.0	6,200	73.5	4,900	45
50	62.5	7,000	66.5	5,800	70.5	4,700	50
55	59.5	6,200	63.5	5,500	67.0	4,500	55
60	56.0	5,500	60.5	5,200	63.5	4,400	60
65	52.5	4,900	57.0	5,000	60.0	4,300	65
70	48.5	4,400	53.0	4,500	56.0	4,200	70
75	44.5	4,000	49.0	4,100	52.0	4,100	75
80	40.0	3,600	44.5	3,700	47.0	3,800	80
85	35.0	3,100	39.5	3,300	41.5	3,400	85
90	29.5	2,700	33.5	2,800			90
95	22.0	2,400	25.5	2,400			95
100	9.5	2,000					100
Min.Bm. Ang./Cap.	0	2,000	0	2,000	0	2,200	Min.Bm. Ang./Cap.

Note: Refer To Page 5 For "Capacity Deductions For Auxiliary Load Handling Equipment".  $\underline{x}^\circ$  Loaded Boom Angle In Degrees.

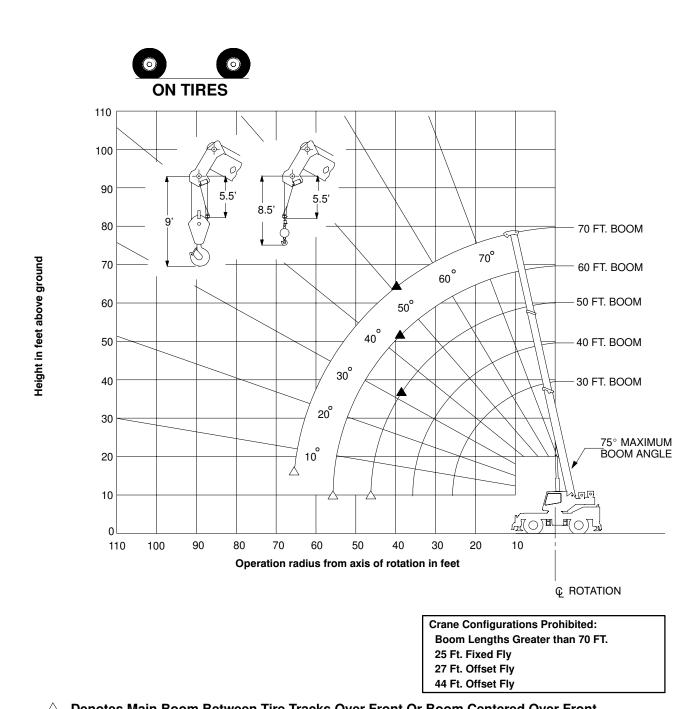


Fully	ed Lifting Capa Extended Ou Set Up Note:		nds	FULL						
Load	2° O	ffset	20°	Offset	40° C	Load				
Radius (Ft.)	∡°	360°	∡°	360°	∡°	360°	Radius (Ft.)			
30	77.0	6,400					30			
35	74.5	5,900					35			
40	72.5	5,400					40			
45	70.0	5,000	76.0	3,600			45			
50	67.5	4,600	73.5	3,300			50			
55	65.0	4,200	71.0	3,200	76.5	2,500	55			
60	62.5	3,900	68.5	3,000	74.0	2,400	60			
65	59.5	3,600	65.5	2,800	71.0	2,300	65			
70	57.0	3,400	63.0	2,700	68.0	2,200	70			
75	54.0	3,200	60.0	2,600	65.0	2,200	75			
80	51.0	3,000	57.0	2,400	61.5	2,100	80			
85	47.5	2,800	53.5	2,300	58.0	2,100	85			
90	44.0	2,500	50.0	2,300	54.0	2,000	90			
95	40.0	2,200	46.0	2,200	50.0	2,000	95			
100	36.0	2,000	42.0	2,100	45.0	2,000	100			
105	31.0	1,800	37.0	1,900	39.0	1,900	105			
110	25.5	1,700	30.5	1,700			110			
115	17.0	1,500	21.0	1,500			115			
Min.Bm. Ang./Cap.	0	1,200	0	1,300	0	1,400	Min.Bm. Ang./Cap			

Note: Refer To Page 5 For "Capacity Deductions For Auxiliary Load Handling Equipment". \( \Delta \) Loaded Boom Angle In Degrees.



# **WORKING RANGE DIAGRAM**



△ Denotes Main Boom Between Tire Tracks Over Front Or Boom Centered Over Front
 ▲ Denotes Main Boom 360°

Note: Boom geometry shown is for unloaded condition and crane standing level on firm supporting surface. Boom deflection, subsequent radius and boom angle change must be accounted for when applying load to hook.



Do Not Lower The Boom Below The Minimum Boom Angle For No Load Stability As Shown In The Lift Charts For The Boom Lengths Given. Loss Of Stability Will Occur Causing A Tipping Condition.



On Tire Capacities In Pounds Tire Pressure: See Page 5 Stationary Capacities Over Front Between Tire Tracks See Operation Note 19 0000 / 00 /00 **ON TIRES** 40 Ft. Load Radius (Ft.) X X Load (Ft.) 33,000 10 65.5 10 12 61.5 29,200 12 24,600 15 54.0 64.5 25,100 15 17.200 20 40.0 56.0 17,000 64.0 20 16.400 11.700 57.0 25 25 17.5 11.000 46.0 11.900 30 30 34.5 8.500 495 8 800 35 14.5 6,300 41.0 6,700 35 40 30.5 5,100 40 45 13.0 4,000 45 Min.Bm. Ang./Cap. Min.Bm. Ang./Cap. **0** (25.8) 10,400 6,000 **0** (45.8) 3,800 **0** (35.8) 60 Ft. Load Radius (Ft.) Load Radius (Ft.) 70 Ft. X X° Load 25 63.5 12,100 25 30 58.0 8,900 63.5 9,000 30 35 51.5 6.900 58.5 7.000 35 40 45.0 5.300 53.5 5.500 40 45 4.200 4.300 45 37.5 48.0 50 50 28.0 3.300 41.5 3.500 55 11.5 2.600 34.5 2.800 55 60 26.0 2,200 60 65 11.0 1,700 65 70 70 Min.Bm. 5.0 (65.7) Min.Bm. 2,500

Note: Refer To Page 5 For "Capacity Deductions For Auxiliary Load Handling Equipment".  $\overset{\checkmark}{\bigtriangleup}$  Loaded Boom Angle In Degrees. ( ) Reference Radius For Minimum Boom Angle Capacities (Shown in Parenthesis) Are In Feet.

On Tire Capacities In Pounds Tire Pressure: See Page 5 Stationary Capacities 360 Degrees See Operation Note 19					0	60° 6	<u> </u>						
Load		30 Ft.			40 Ft.			50		Load			
Radius (Ft.)		X°	Load		Χ°	Load		X°	Load		Radius (Ft.)		
10		65.5	21,900								10		
12		61.0	16,200								12		
15		54.0	11,10		64.0	11,700					15		
20		40.0	6,600		55.5	7,100		63.5	7,400		20		
25		17.0	7.0 4,000		46.0	4,600		56.5	4,900		25		
30	30				34.0	3,000		49.5	3,300		30		
35					14.5	1,900		41.0	2,200		35		
Min.Bm. Ang./Cap.	(	<b>0</b> 25.8)	3,700		0 (35.8)	1,700		<b>32.0</b> 39.2)			Min.Bm. Ang./Cap.		
Load	Load Radius (Ft.)		60 Ft.				Ft.			Load			
					Load	Χ°		Load		Radius (Ft.)			
25		63	3.0		5,100						25		
30 5		57	.5	3,500		63.0		3,600		30			
35		51	.5		2,400	58.0		2,500		35			
40						53.0		1,700		40			
Min.Bm. Ang./Cap		<b>44</b> (40				51.0 (41.8)					Min.Bm. Ang./Cap.		
		Do No	t Raise	e B	MA WA	RNING		Angle	. Loss	s O	f		

Note: Refer To Page 5 For "Capacity Deductions For Auxiliary Load Handling Equipment".  $\Delta$  Loaded Boom Angle In Degrees. ( ) Reference Radius For Minimum Boom Angle Capacities (Shown in Parenthesis) Are In Feet.

Backward Stability Will Occur Causing a Tipping Condition.

On Tire Capacities In Pounds Tire Pressure: See Page 5 Pick and Carry Capacities Over Front Between Tire Tracks See Operation Note 19													
Load		30Ft	40 Ft.			50 Ft.					Load		
Radius (Ft.)	∡°	Creep	2.5 mph	∡°	Cree		2.5 mph	∡°	С	reep	2.5 mph		Radius (Ft.)
10	65.5	32,500	22,800										10
12	61.0	28,300	19,600										12
15	54.0	23,400	16,000	64.5	23,8	00	16,400						15
20	40.0	16,400	11,700	56.0	17,0	00	12,200	64.0	17	,200	12,500		20
25	17.5	11,000	8,800	46.0	11,7	00	9,400	57.0	11	,900	9,700		25
30				34.5	8,50	00	7,300	49.5	8	,800	7,600		30
35				14.5	6,30	00	5,800	41.0	6	,700	6,100		35
40								30.5	5,100		4,900		40
45								13.0	4,000		3,900		45
Min.Bm Ang./ Cap.	0 (25.8)	10,400	8,400	0 (35.8)			5,500	0 (45.8)	3,800		3,700		Min.Bm Ang./ Cap.
Load						70 Ft.					Load		
Radius (Ft.)		Χ°	Creep	2.5 m	2.5 mph		Δ°	Creep		2.5 mph			Radius (Ft.)
25		63.5	12,100		9,900								25
30		58.0	8,900	7,800		63.5		9,000		8,000			30
35		51.5	6,900		6,300		58.5	7,000		6,400			35
40		45.0	5,300	-, -	5,100		53.5	5,500		5,200			40
45		37.5	4,200		4,100		48.0	4,300		4,300			45
50		28.0	3,300		3,300		41.5	3,500		3,500			50
55		11.5	2,600	2,60	00		34.5	2,800			2,800		55
60							26.0	2,200			,200		60
65							11.0	1,700		1,7	700		65
Min.Bm. Ang./Cap		0 55.8)	2,500	2,500		(	5.0 (65.7)						/lin.Bm. ng./Cap.

Note: Refer To Page 5 For "Capacity Deductions For Auxiliary Load Handling Equipment".  $\overset{\sim}{\Delta}$  Loaded Boom Angle In Degrees. ( ) Reference Radius For Minimum Boom Angle Capacities (Shown in Parenthesis) Are In Feet.